Author(s): Cruciani F, De Crescenzo F, Vecchi S, Saulle R, Mitrova Z, Amato L, Davoli M. Question: Should Bromesine hydrochloride compared to Standard treatment be used for COVID-19 patients? Setting: Inpatient

Certainty assessment								№ of patients		Effect	
Nº of studies	Study design	Risk of bias	Inconsistency	Indirectness	Imprecision	Other considerations	Bromesine hydrochloride	Standard treatment	Relative (95% Cl)	Absolute (95% Cl)	Certainty

All-cause mortality

2 1,2	randomised trials	serious a	serious ^b	not serious	serious ^c	none	2/87 (2.3%)	7/91 (7.7%)	RR 0.39 (0.03 to 4.79)	47 fewer per 1.000 (from 75 fewer to 292 more)	⊕⊖⊖⊖ VERY LOW
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SARS-CoV-2 clearance

1 ³	randomised trials	serious d	not serious	not serious	very serious e	none	11/12 (91.7%)	6/6 (100.0%)	RR 0.95 (0.72 to 1.27)	50 fewer per 1.000 (from 280 fewer to 270 more)	⊕⊖⊖⊖ VERY LOW
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Improvement of lung disease on CT

1 ³	randomised trials	serious d	not serious	not serious	very serious e	none	8/12 (66.7%)	2/6 (33.3%)	RR 2.00 (0.60 to 6.64)	333 more per 1.000 (from 133 fewer to 1.000 more)	⊕⊖⊖⊖ VERY LOW
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Number of patients with adverse events

1 ¹	randomised trials	serious d	not serious	not serious	serious ^f	none	No adverse events during the study for either group	⊕⊕⊖⊖ LOW
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Number of patients discharged

1 ³	randomised trials	serious d	not serious	not serious	very serious e	none	10/12 (83.3%)	2/6 (33.3%)	RR 2.50 (0.78 to 7.97)	500 more per 1.000 (from 73 fewer to 1.000 more)	⊕⊖⊖⊖ VERY LOW
										more)	

Number of patients with serious adverse events

1 ²	randomised	serious	not serious	not serious	serious ^f	none	No serious adverse event reported	⊕⊕00
	trials	g						LOW

Progression / exacerbation of lung disease on CT

1 ²	randomised trials	serious g	not serious	not serious	very serious ^h	none	5/48 (10.4%)	5/52 (9.6%)	RR 1.08 (0.33 to 3.51)	8 more per 1.000 (from 64 fewer to 241 more)	⊕○○○ VERY LOW
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Explanations

- a. Downgraded of one level for high risk of performance bias in 2 studies, unclear risk of selection bias in one study and unclear risk of attrition and reporting bias in the other study
- b. Downgraded of one level for heterogeneity $l^2=54\%$
- c. Downgraded of one level for wide CI
- d. Downgraded of one level for high risk of performance bias and unclear risk of selection bias
- e. Downgraded of two levels for very small sample size
- f. Downgraded of one level for small sample size
- g. Downgraded of one level for high risk of performance bias and unclear risk of selection bias
- h. Downgraded of two levels for small sample size and wide CI

References

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- 2. Tolouian R, Mulla ZD, Jamaati H, Babamahmoodi A, Marjani M, Eskandari R, et al. Effect of bromhexine in hospitalized patients with COVID-19. Journal of Investigative Medicine. 2021. Epub ahead of print: doi:10.1136/jim-2020-001747
- 3. Li T, Sun L, Zhang W, Zheng C, Jiang C, Chen M, et al. Bromhexine Hydrochloride Tablets for the Treatment of Moderate COVID-19: An Open-Label Randomized Controlled Pilot Study. Clin Transl Sci. 2020 Sep 3. doi: 10.1111/cts.12881. Epub ahead of print.